

Evolving Data Driven Lab Design

Carbon Reduction & Benchmarking: Programming Carbon

SCIENCE



A Love Story

is MAGIC

This session delivers data-driven insights for solving the pressing problems research organizations are facing: outdated facilities, underutilized space, high investment for low return, and meeting regulatory and compliance requirements. Session leaders demonstrate the analysis processes that identify opportunities and drive smarter decisions for moving forward, inspiring innovative planning and operational solutions, and unlocking the potential of both new facilities or renovations. They illustrate methods for overcoming data challenges, mining and synthesizing large data sets, visualizing and planning scenarios for the future, and implementing long term facility data management systems.

I2SL 2025 – Evolving Data Driven Lab Design



Steve Webster, AIA
Associate Principal

Perkins&Will



Elizabeth Mikula, LEED, LFA
Project Manager & Designer

Perkins&Will

Learning Objectives

1. Challenge the potential for decarbonizing lab facilities during the Programming phase of design, before wholesale LCA are typically complete.
2. Identify the potentials and challenges of carbon reduction strategies targeting Program selections.
3. Understand the need for accurate modeling and data mining from models, even at the Programming stage of a project.

I2SL 2022 – Low Carbon Labs

Perkins&Will

Low Carbon Labs Embodied Carbon & What You Can Do About it

J. Werner & E. Mikula

Revit Model Dynamo Quantity Table System I2SL LBT Operational Carbon Data AIA 2030 Operational Carbon Targets

Western Washington University | July, 2022

Kaiser Borsari Hall Carbon Forecast

"Western has been a leader in many areas of sustainability since it established the nation's first College of the Environment in 1969," said Kim O'Neill, vice president for University Advancement at Western Washington University.

"Our students voted to collectively fund the purchase of Renewable Energy Credits in 2005, making Western the first campus in the US to offset 100% of its carbon emissions from electricity usage with a self-imposed student fee, and in 2007 Western became one of the first 50 signatories to the American College and University President's Climate Commitment."

Reducing Whole-Life Carbon Impacts

Year: 2050 | Western Washington University (WWU) | 100% offset of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (CO2e) over 60 years' time

Category	Value (tCO2e)	Reduction (%)
Code Minimum: Conservative benchmark for a comparable building's typical embodied carbon + code minimum operational carbon	13,058	-
Early Design: Project-specific impacts assessed at mid-Schematic Design	7,024	46%
Optimized Design: Remaining impacts after optimization to reduce operational and embodied carbon	5,089	61%

Perkins&Will

<https://research.perkinswill.com/projects/low-carbon-labs/>

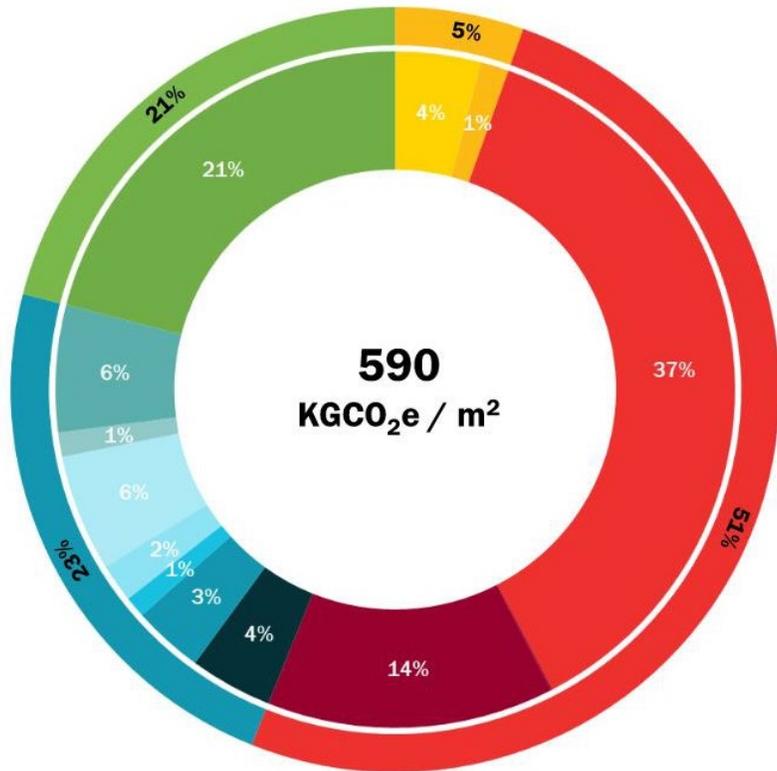
Previously - I2SL 2022/2023 – Low Carbon Labs

Barnard College R&D Science Center



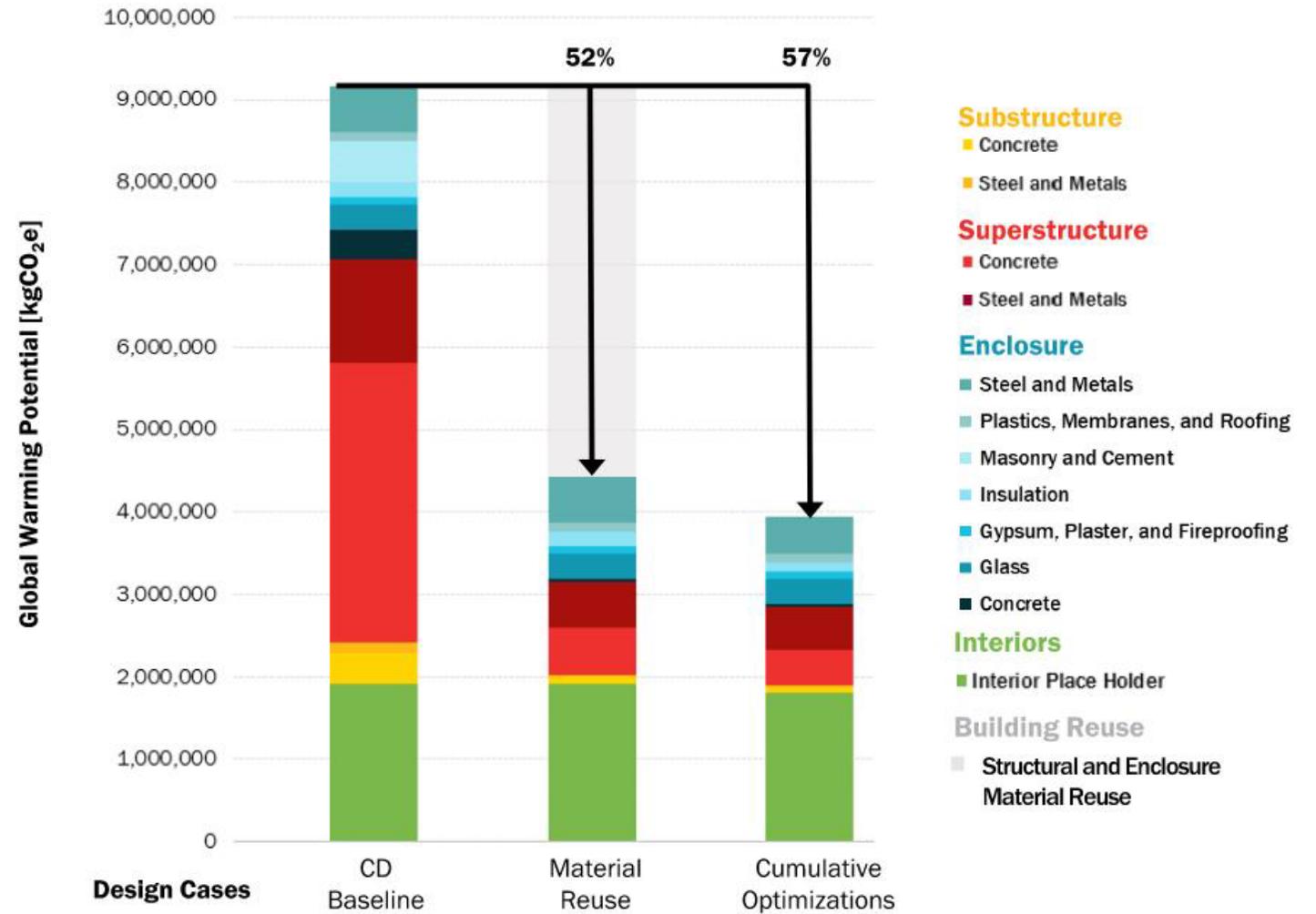
PROJECT	SCOPE	GOALS	INNOVATION
Existing Campus Building + Addition to expand Sciences at Barnard	Major Renovation + New Addition Highrise – 14 stories	LEED Gold Support larger campus goals	Adaptive Re -use All Electric Building
Multidisciplinary Science Center	85,000 NSF	Local Law 97	
Research & Teaching Labs	100 Fumehoods	Circular Economy	

Whole Building Life Cycle Assessment



Baseline Characterization Plot

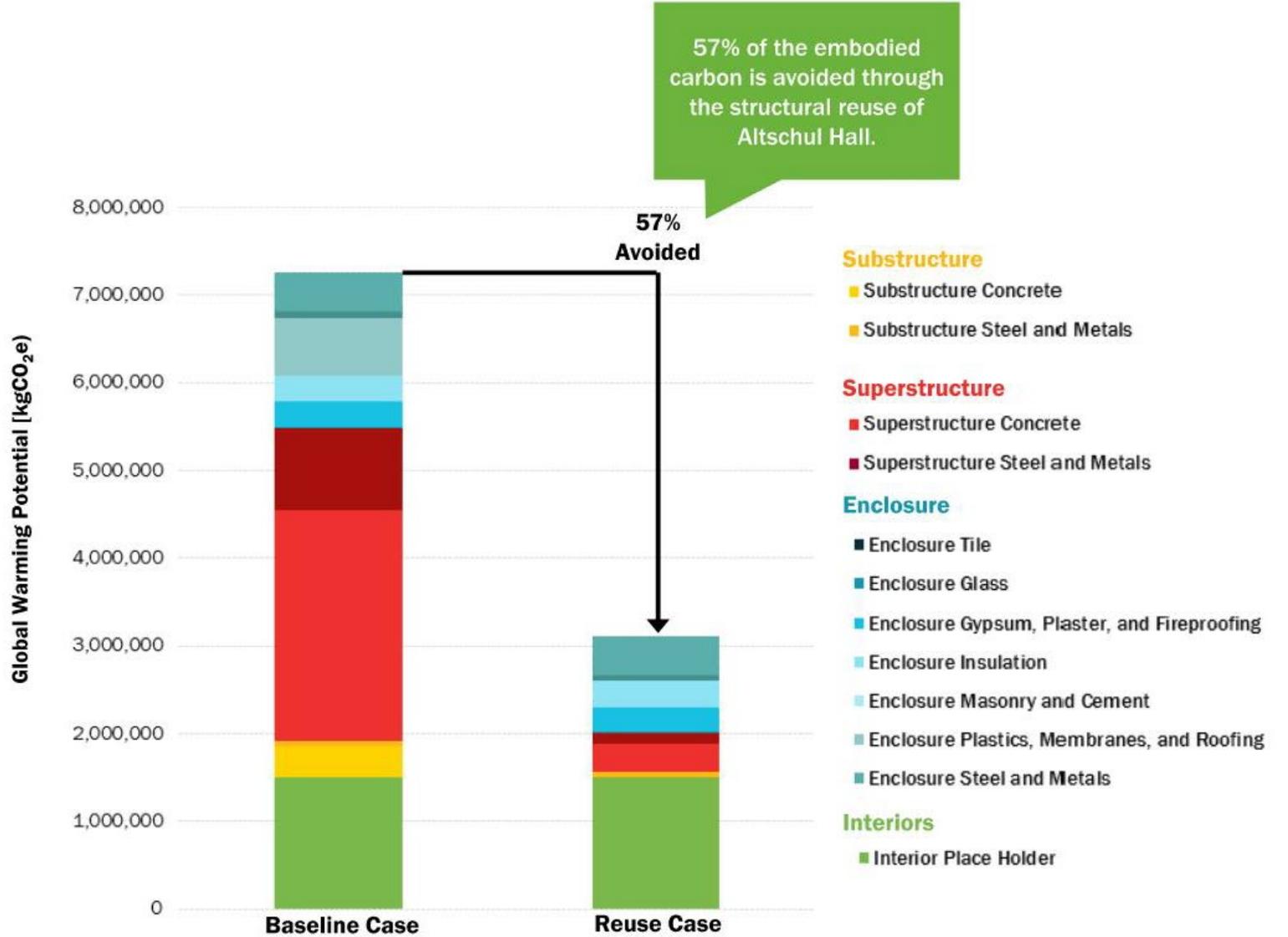
Barnard WBLCA



I2SL 2022 – Low Carbon Labs

- Heating:** all new gas-fired condensing boilers; hot water system.
- Cooling:** all new high efficiency modular centrifugal magnetic bearing chillers; chilled water system
- Heat rejection:** all new cooling towers
- Ventilation:** 100% fresh air to all spaces supplied by dedicated outside air units at the roof; ventilation rates as per EH&S and NYC code
- Exhaust:** VAV and specific exhaust for each utility; lab exhaust is cannon-type variable volume control; Lab fume hood fans are cannon-type variable extractor control
- Energy Recovery:** variable air volume AHUs in MERs, heat recovery chiller
- Distribution:** VAV with reheat; perimeter radiation
- Space controls:** space thermostats for all shared occupancy spaces, offices have shared controls (3-4 offices per zone)
- Metering:** design to meet LEED credit, meter all major energy end uses

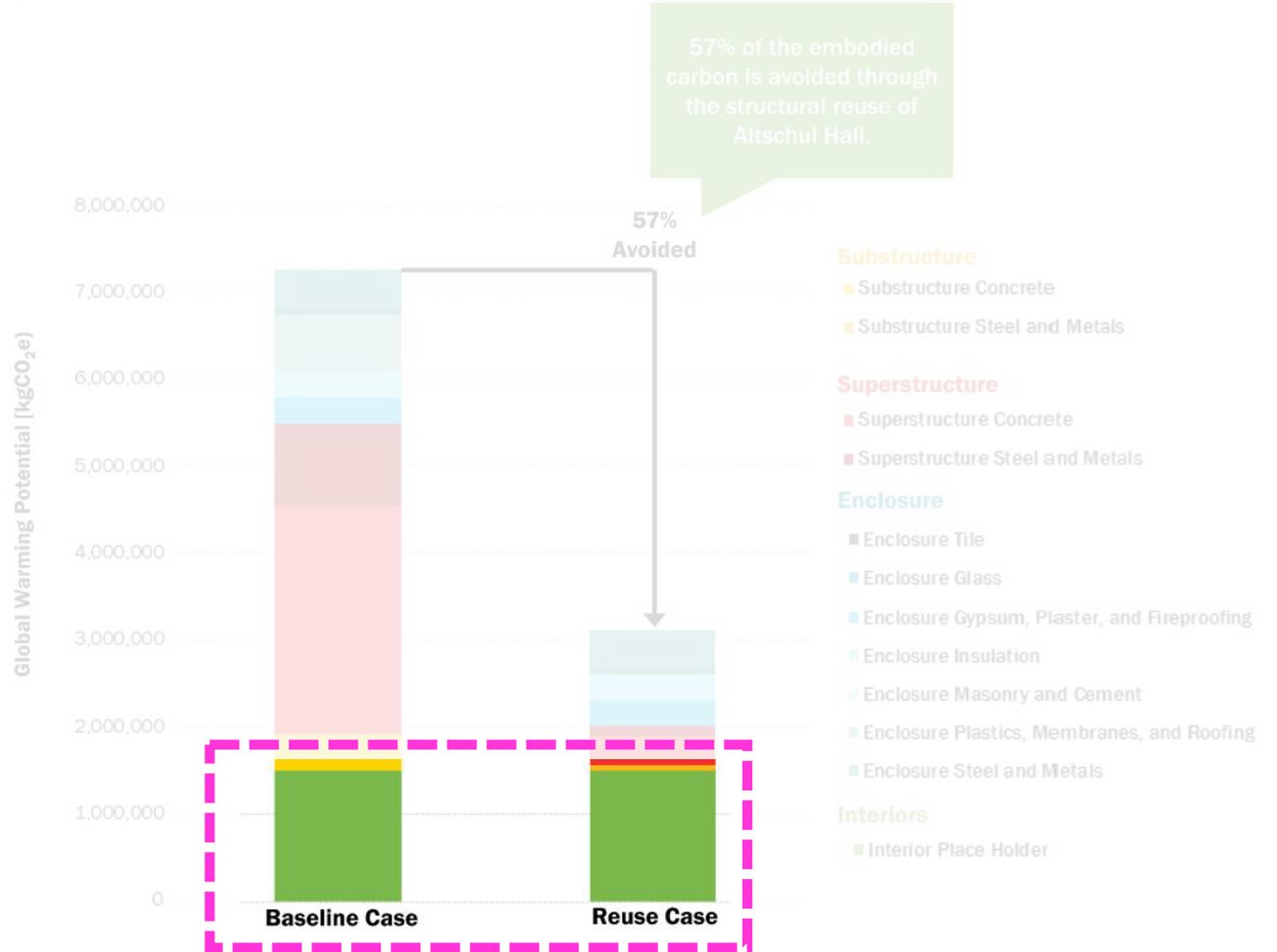
A high performance, state of the art system that can be converted to an all-electric system in the future.



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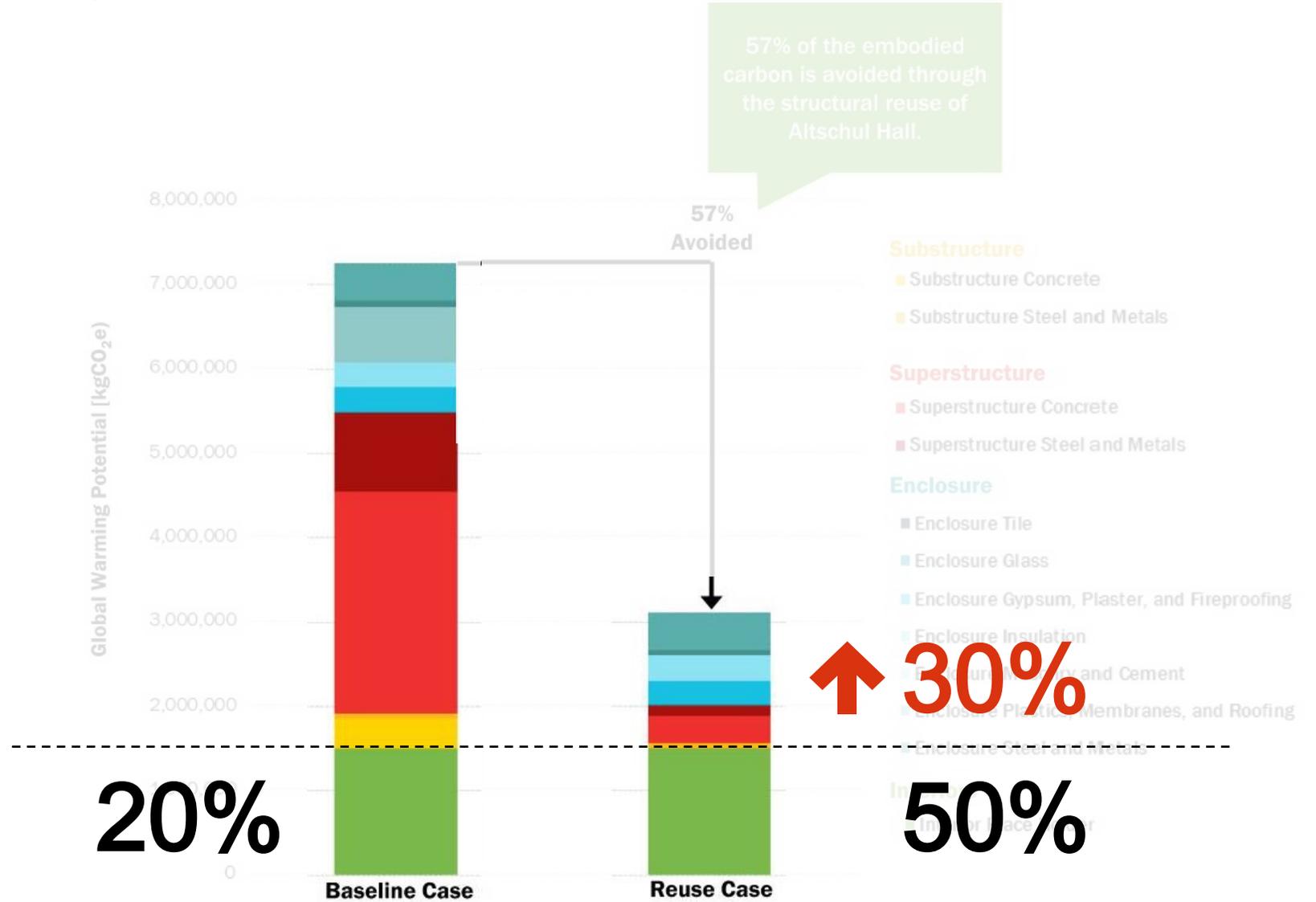
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I2SL 2022 – Low Carbon Labs

Material Reuse at Gateway

Reuse of Altschul Elements



AUDITORIUM PRE FUNCTION WOOD FLOORING (TO BE REUSED AT SECOND FLOOR GALLERY)

atelier ten



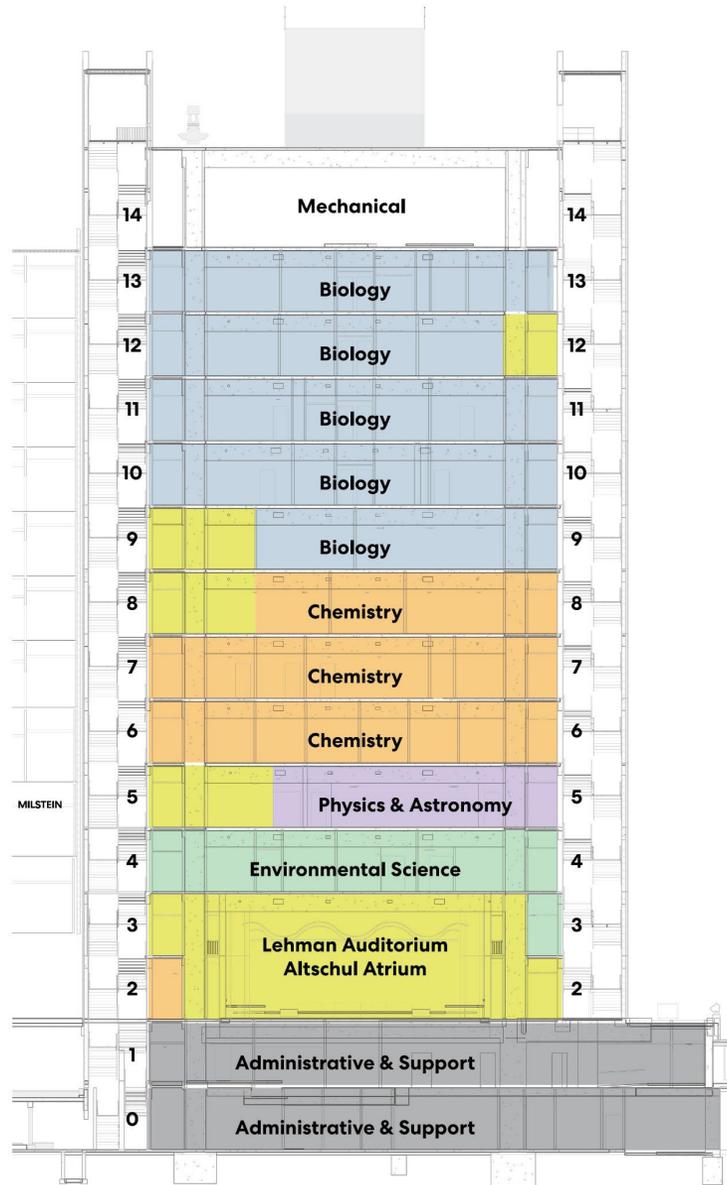
GRANITE STAIR TREADS (TO BE REUSED AS WINDOW SILLS AT SELECT LOCATIONS)



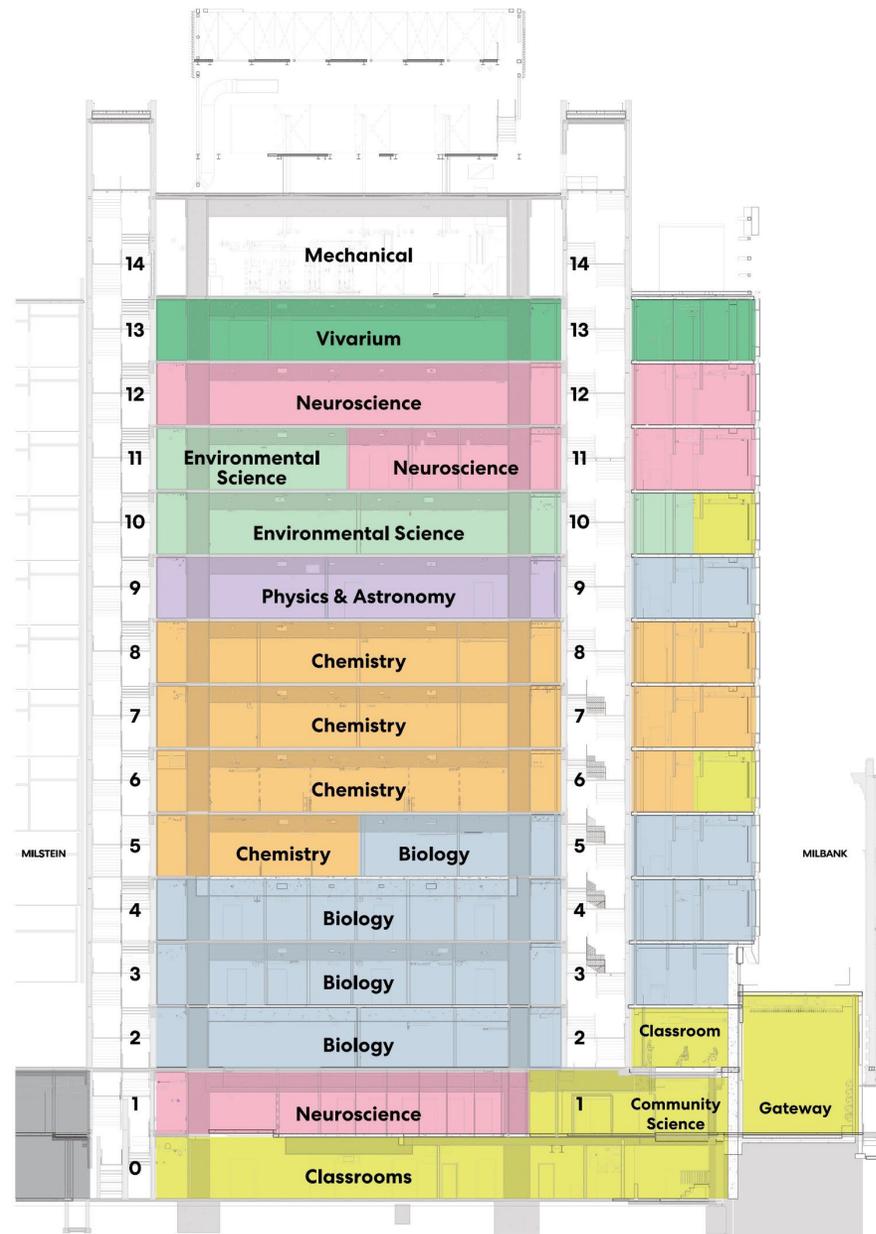
ALTSCHUL LIMESTONE



BLACKBOARDS (AS APPLICABLE, PENDING FURTHER DISCUSSIONS WITH FACULTY)



N-S Section of Existing Altschul Hall



N-S Section of Proposed Roy & Diana Vagelos Science Center



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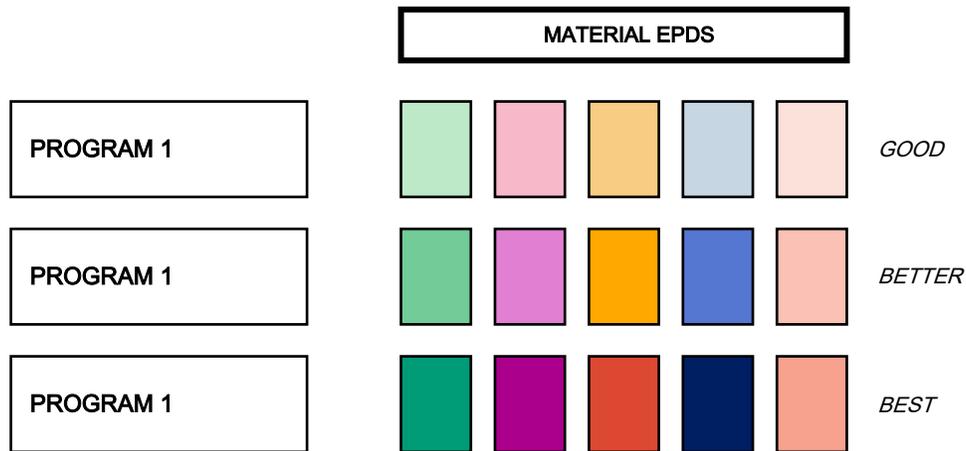
Approach

*Can we measure the carbon impact
of project programming decisions?*

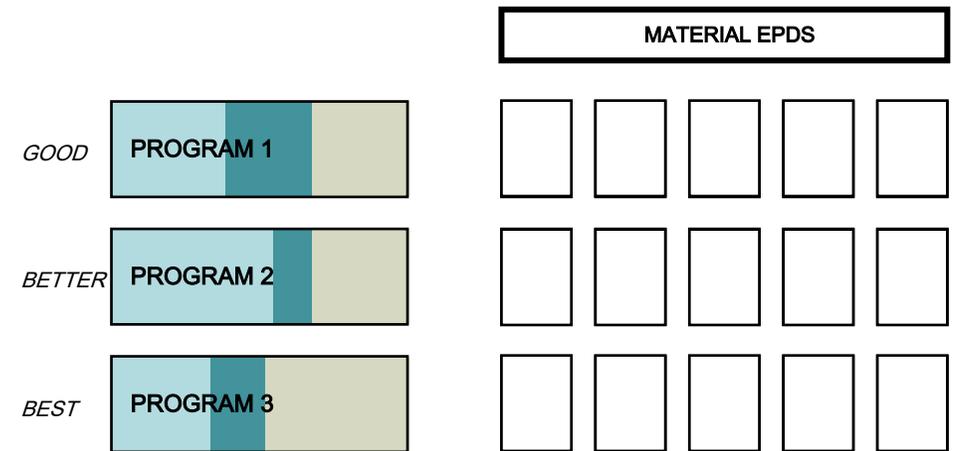
Mapping the Questions – How are we developing the Scenarios?

At this point of the project, we asked ourselves how a team might be able to utilize this tool in early phases, ideally influencing design.

Is there a different way to approach programming when you have this data?



Approach A sets the program as a constant and proposes different materials to achieve carbon reduction goals.



Approach B sets the material as constant and proposes variations in program to achieve carbon reduction goals.

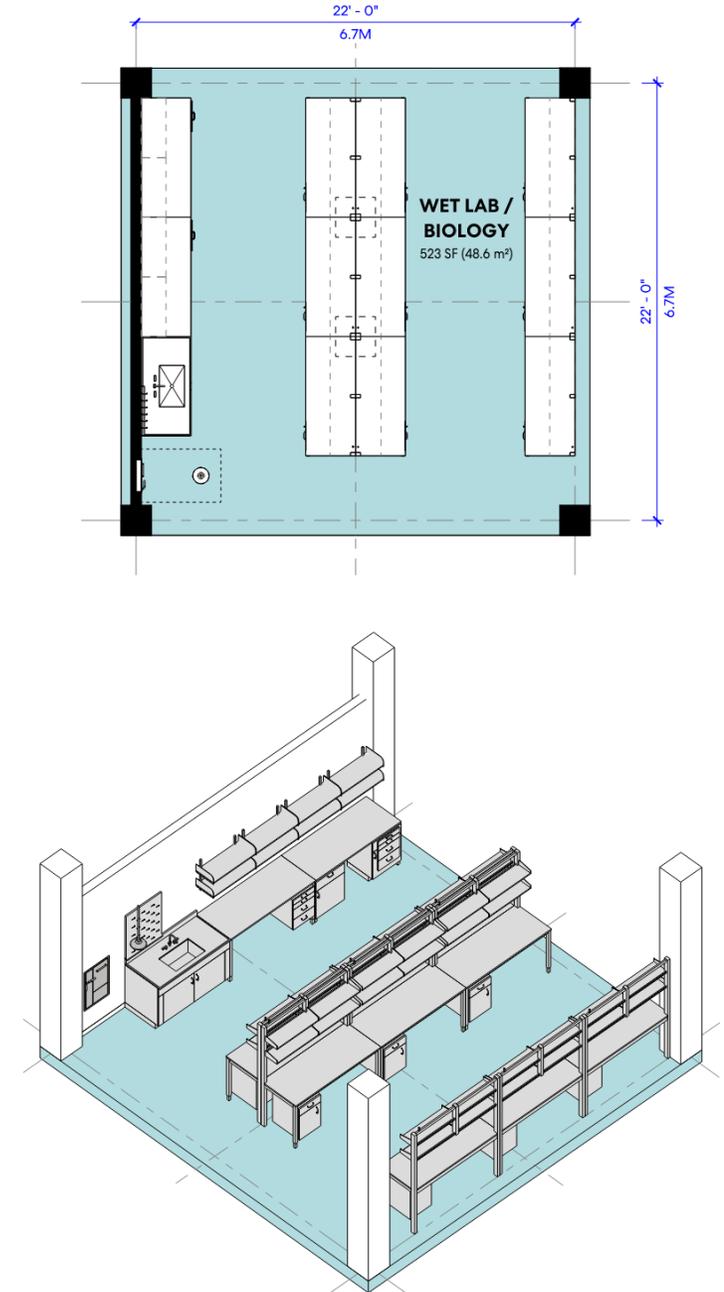
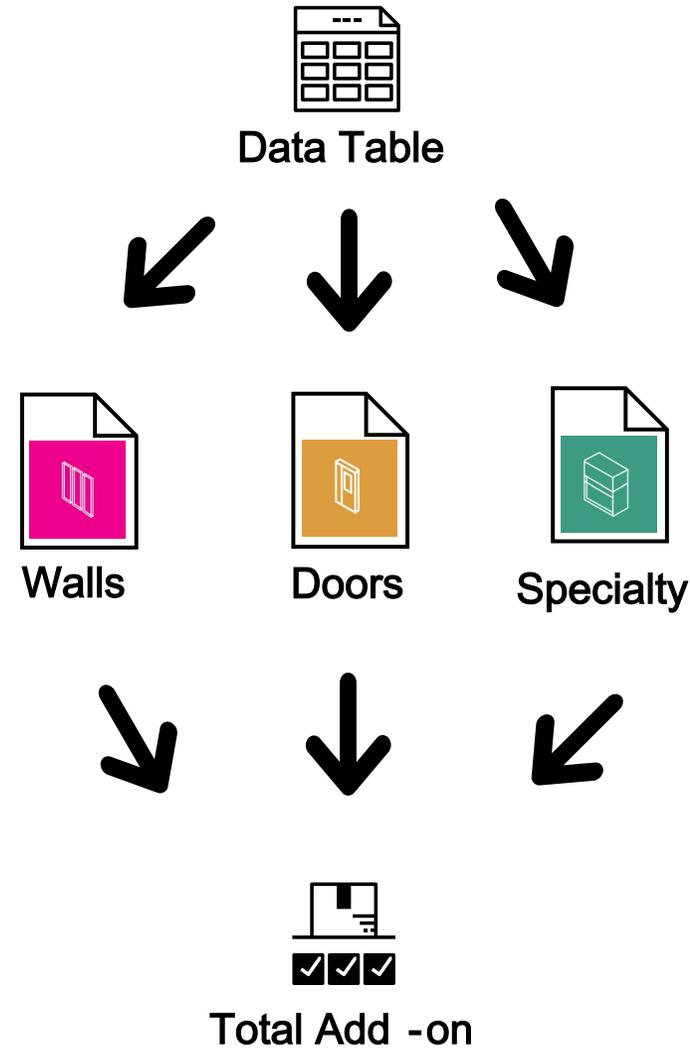
Other Data Parameters

Even though we could only extract floors and ceilings at this time, following this workflow approach would allow us to have more accurate data and show the need for further AreaSync development.

Using a module approach, we were able to define the other elements within these space types to capture a more holistic picture of each room.

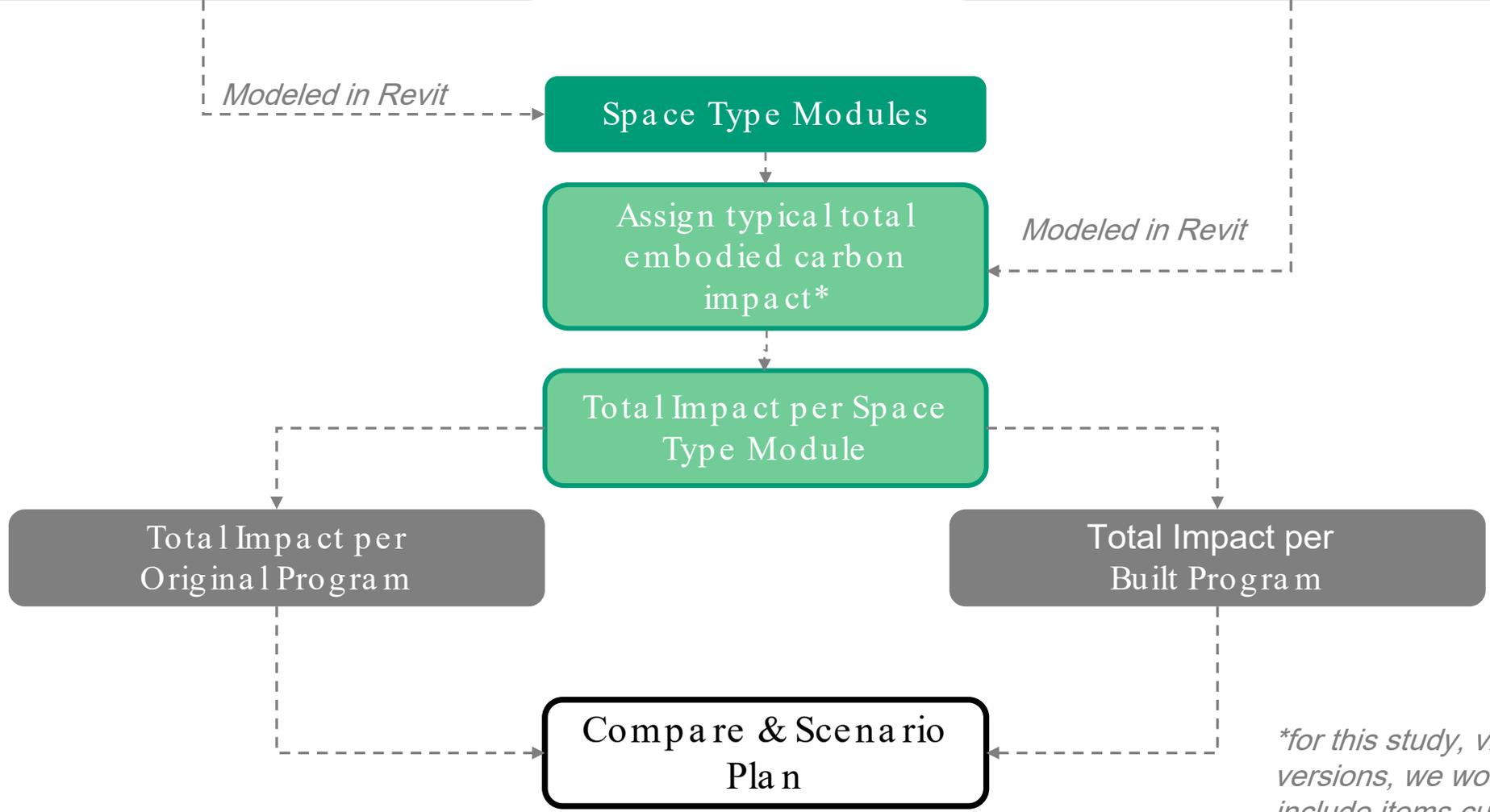
We took each of the space categories, created a module that is in line with real world design, I1' module for lab planning etc. – and then using other data collected via Low Carbon Labs – doors, walls, specialty eq like fumehoods, average material takeoff quantities, we were able to refine that data to a square meter impact value.

This became an additional data set, or add-on number. We use this common denominator multiplied by the area allowing materials to be proportional.



Original Barnard Program

Built Barnard Program



**for this study, via Tally only. In future versions, we would like to expand this to include items currently not measured in Tally, like lab casework.*

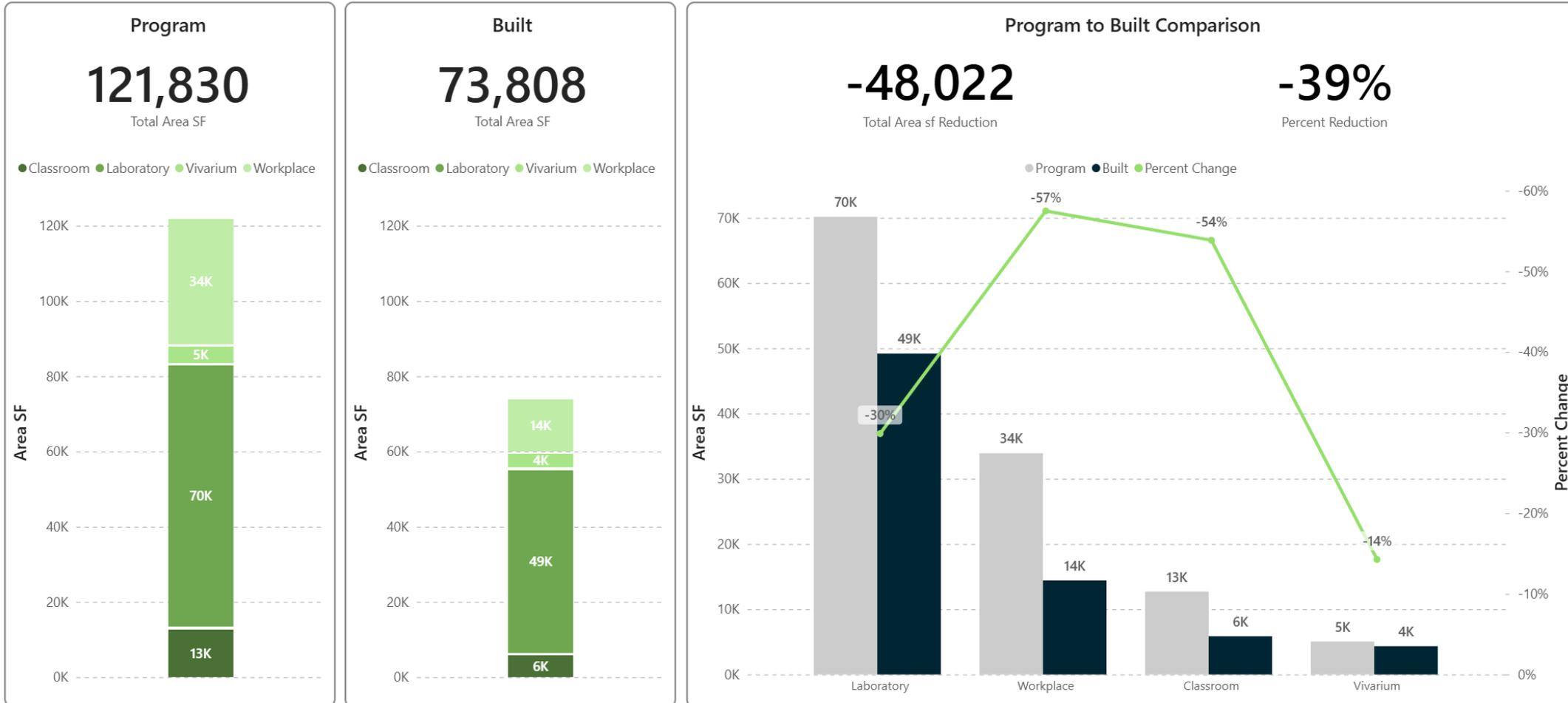
Compare & Scenario Plan

Questions:

- How does the Original Banard Program compare to the Built Barnard Program, relative to embodied carbon impact?
- Does shifting the size of any specific program have a significant impact on the overall embodied carbon of the project?
 - Example: Vivarium
- Does shifting a singular material have a significant impact on the overall embodied carbon of the project?
 - Example: Flooring, Office/Classroom & Laboratory
- How can teams set themselves up to be able to deliver this type of analysis in Programming?

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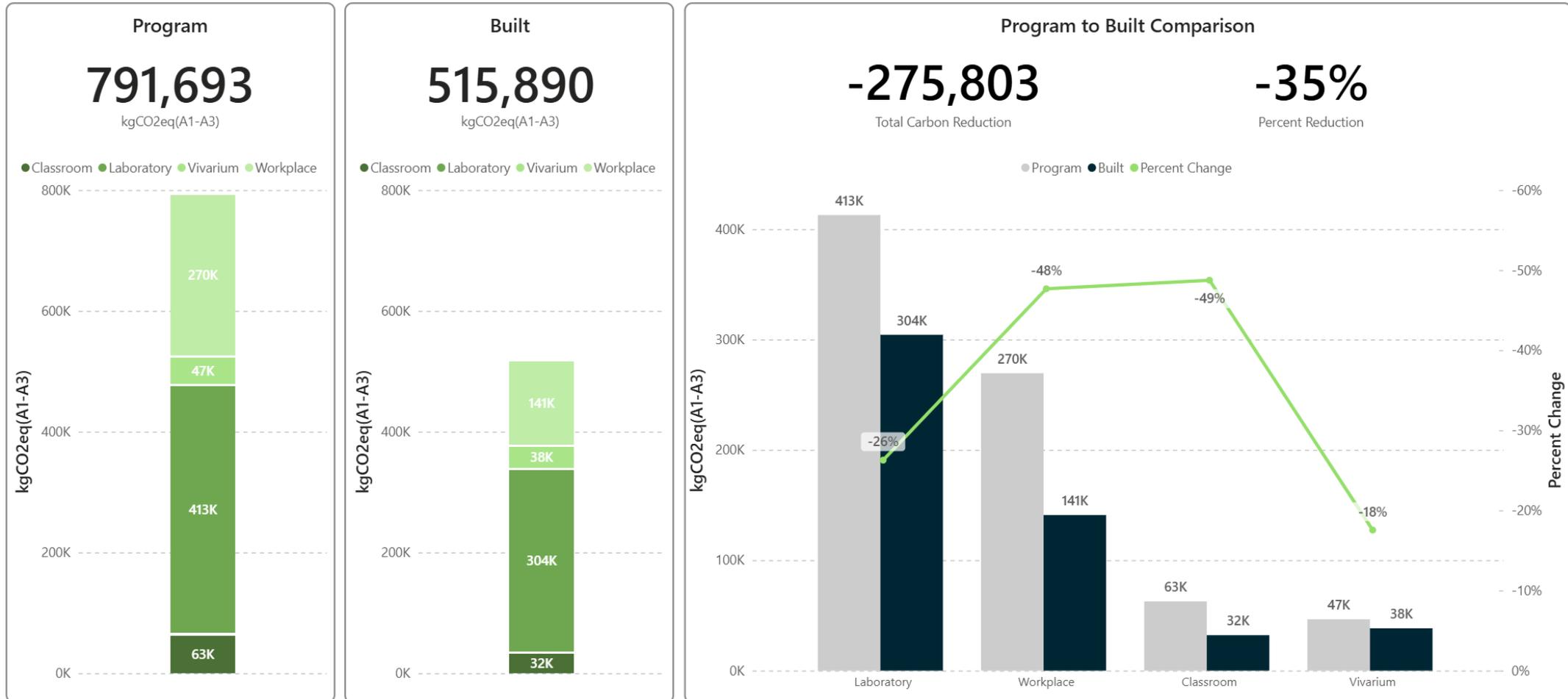
How does the Original Barnard Program compare to the Built Barnard Program?



*Both Program and Built excludes Building Support & Circulation spaces (+/- 60,600 sf)

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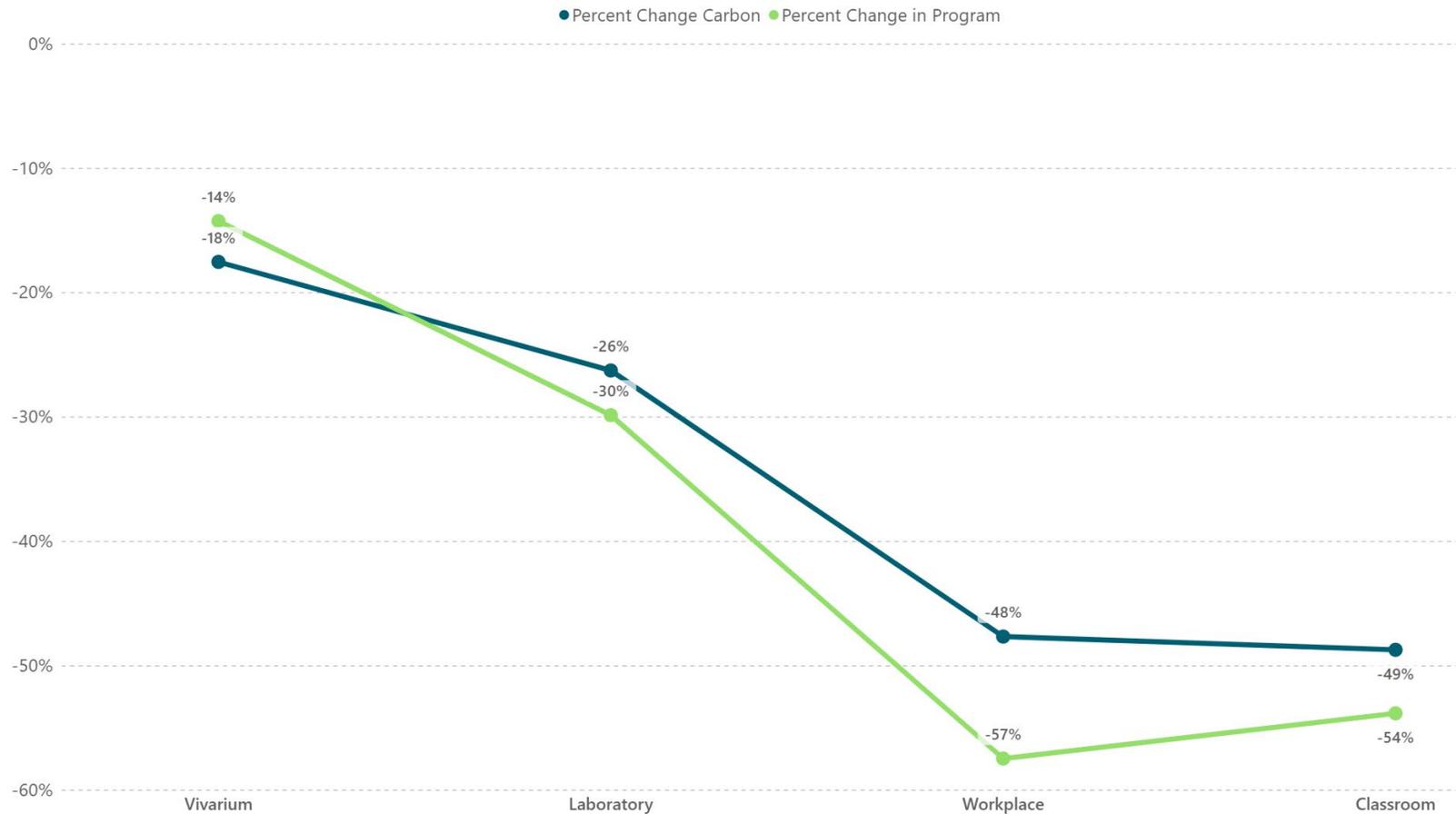
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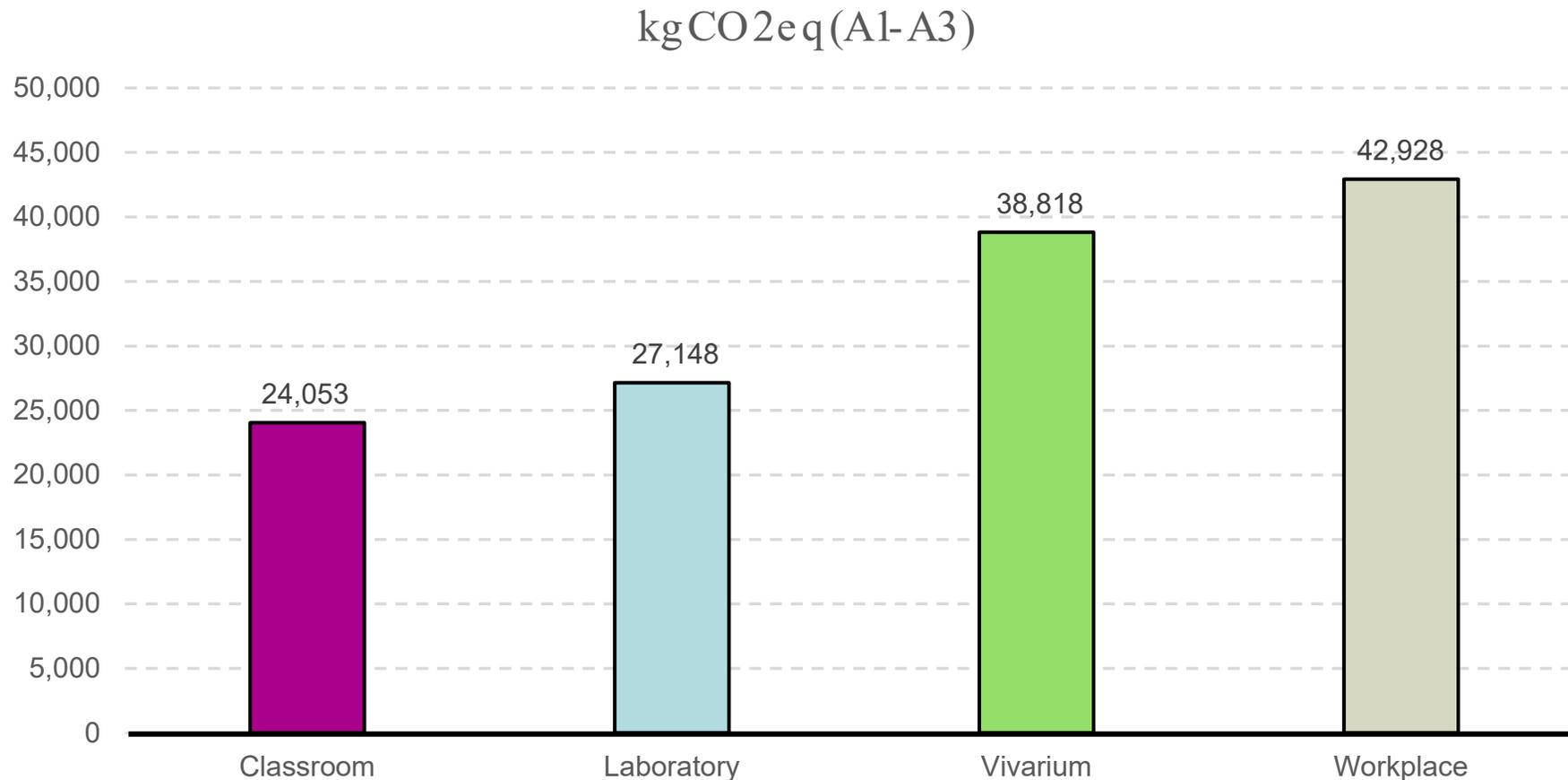


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Does shifting the size of any specific program have a significant impact on the overall embodied carbon of the project?

Vivarium = 4,338 sf



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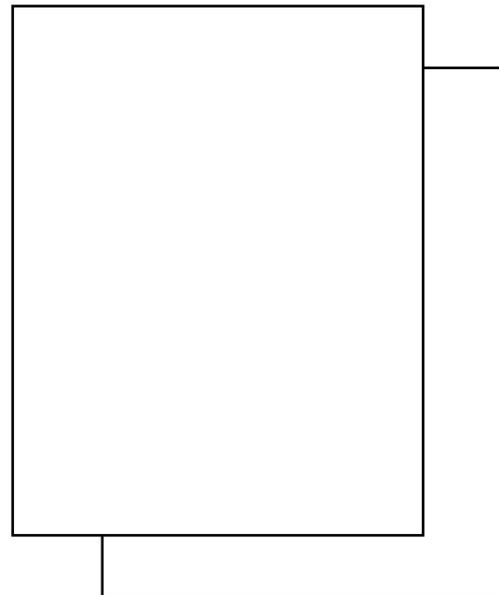
Does shifting a singular material have a significant impact on the overall embodied carbon of the project?

- Example: Lab Flooring

Lab Flooring

48,191 SF*
Total in
Project

**Excludes
Vivarium &
Circulation*



Epoxy

9.3 kg CO2e/m²

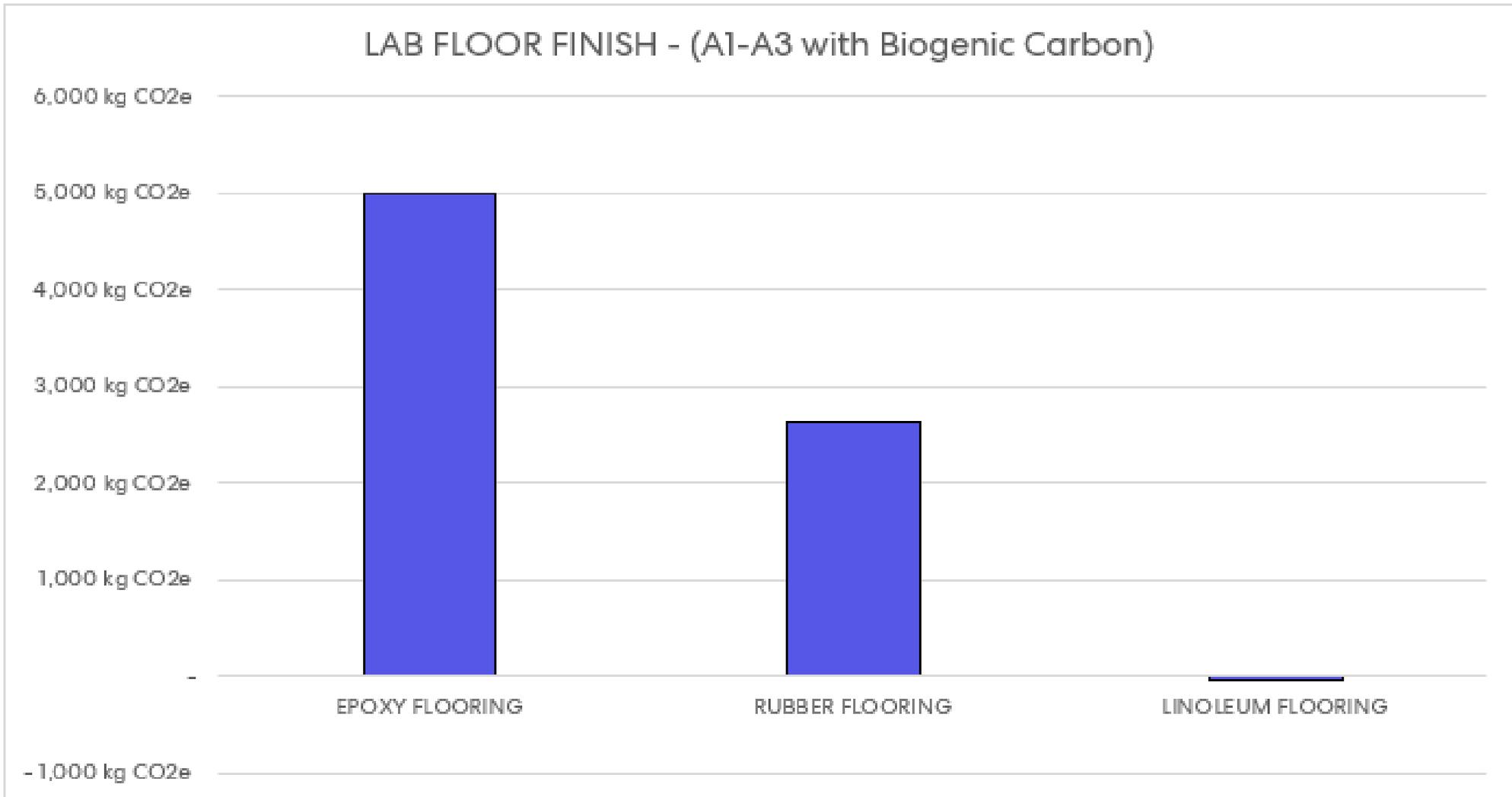


Marmoleum

0 kg CO2e/m²

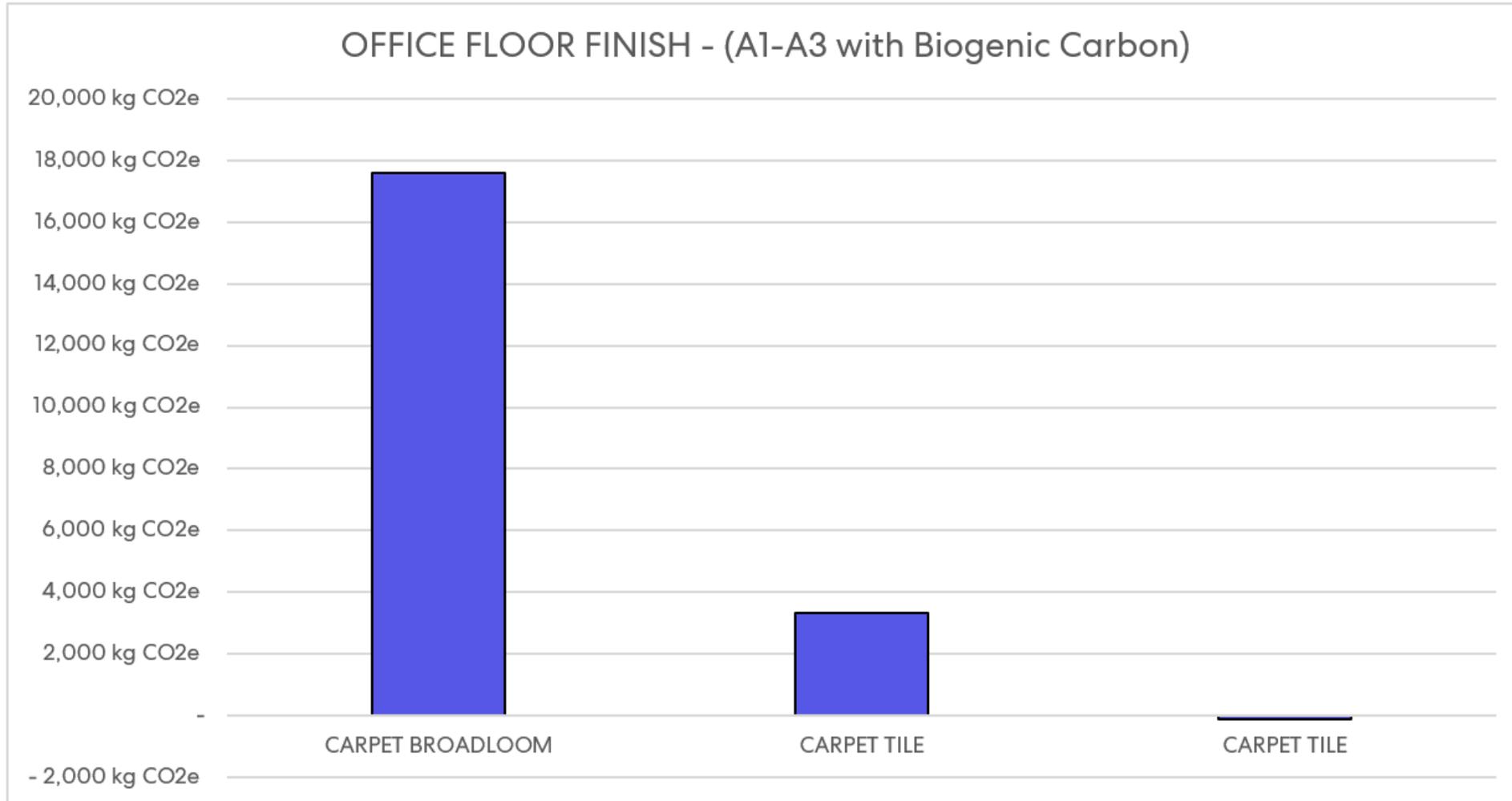
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Lab Flooring



I2SL 2025 – Evolving Data Driven Lab Design

Office Flooring



How can teams set themselves up to be able to deliver this type of analysis in Programming?

Better Modeling Practices

The quality of the data out reflects the quality of the data in. Models, even in Programming, need to be built with intention if they are to be used for analysis.

The sooner, the better!

It is never too early to start looking at your project's embodied carbon impact – even in Programming!

Make a plan, & simplify

A lot of the hurdles the team faced were due to us conducting this analysis in retrospect. Mapping out a plan prior to programming would have eased a lot of the growing pains.

Evolving Data Driven Lab Design

Thank you!